CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF PRINCE

By-Law No. 2014- ≤≥

Being a by-law to regulate the burning of certain materials

WHEREAS the *Fire Protection and Prevention Act*, 1997, S.O. 1997, c.4, as amended, provides:

- in subsection 7.1(1)(a) that a council of a municipality may pass by-laws regulation fire prevention, including the prevention of spreading fires;
- in subsection 7.1(14) that a municipality may appoint the Fire Chief or Fire
 Prevention officer to enter upon land and into structures at any reasonable time
 to inspect the land and structures to determine whether by-laws enacted in
 accordance with this section are being complied with;

AND WHEREAS of the Municipal Act, 2001, S.O. 2001, c. 25, as amended, provides:

- in section 125 that a municipality may regulate the use and installation of heating and cooking appliances, and the storage of fuel for use in heating and cooking appliances;
- in section 128 that a municipality may prohibit and regulate with respect to public nuisances, including matters that, in the opinion of council, are or could become or cause public nuisances, and the opinion of Council if arrived at in good faith is not subject to review by any court; AND Council is of the opinion that the setting of fires are or could become or cause public nuisances by creating negative health effects on neighbouring residents, increasing fire exposure hazards, infringing the enjoyment of the use of neighbouring properties, and generating false fire alarms;
- in section 129 that a municipality may prohibit and regulate with respect to odour, dust and outdoor illumination, and may prohibit those matters unless a permit is obtained from the municipality for those matters and may impose conditions for obtaining, continuing to hold and renewing the permit; in section 10 that a municipality may pass by-laws respecting: 5. Economic, social and environmental well-being of the municipality; 6. Health safety and well-being of persons; 8. Protection of persons and property; 10. Structures, including fences and signs;
- in section 10 and section 391 that a municipality is authorized to pass by-laws imposing fees or charges on persons for services or activities provided or done by it or on behalf of it, and for the use of its property including property under its control;
- in section 446 that if a municipality has authority under the Act or under a by-law under this or any other Act to direct or require a person to do a matter or thing, the municipality may also provide that, in default of it being done by the person directed or required to do it, the matter or thing shall be done at the person's expense;

1. Interpretation:

- a) **By-Law Enforcement Officer** means the person(s) appointed by the Township of Prince Council.
- b) **Fire Chief** means the member appointed by Council as head of the Prince Township Fire Department.
- c) Officer means the Township of Prince Fire Chief, Fire Prevention Officer, By-Law Enforcement Officer or appointed designates thereof, and Police Officers.
- d) **Owner** means any person, firm or corporation having control over any portion of the building or property under consideration and includes the persons in the building or property.
- e) **Pellet stove appliance** means a stove designed and used exclusively for the combustion of wood pellets having a maximum length of 2.5 cm in any dimension, and meeting the particulate emission requirements of the Canadian standard.
- f) **Permitted material** means domestic products including seasoned, untreated wood or manufactured products such as wood pellets or fuel logs retailed for use as fuel in a wood burning appliance.
- g) **Person** means an individual or a corporation.
- h) **Prohibited material** includes but is not limited to: foreign wood and wood products, wet or unseasoned wood, garbage, treated wood, plastic products, rubber products, waste oil, paints, solvents, coal, glossy coloured papers, particle board and salt driftwood.
- i) **Smoke** means the gases, particulate matter and all other products of combustion emitted into the atmosphere when a substance or material is burned, including, without limitation smoke, dust, gas, sparks, ash, soot, cinders and fumes.
- j) **Wood burning appliance** means a fireplace, woodstove, central furnace, other than a Pellet Stove installed in any premises, in which wood is burned and which discharges combustion products to the air.

2. Fuels:

Only Permitted materials shall be used as fuel. At no time may Prohibited materials be used.

3. Restrictions

No person shall operate a wood burning appliance or pellet stove appliance in such a manner as to discharge air contaminants which are likely to cause or significantly contribute to the cause of injury or damage to human health, plant or animal life, or property; or that are likely to affect the quality of life of themselves and nearby residents.

4. Inspection and Orders:

An Officer may enter and inspect any land and/or premises on which burning is being conducted for the purposes of determining compliance with this By-Law.

No person shall interfere with or obstruct an Officer in carrying out their duties pursuant to this By-Law.

All persons shall comply with all orders of an Officer concerning compliance with the provisions of this By-Law.

An Officer may order the extinguishment of any fire that is in violation of this By-Law.

When a person does not comply with an Officer's order to extinguish a fire which is in violation of this By-Law, the Officer may cause the fire to be extinguished.

Read a First and Second reading in Open Council this 9th day of September, 2014.

Reeve, Ken Lamming

CAO/Treasurer Clerk Peggy Greco